

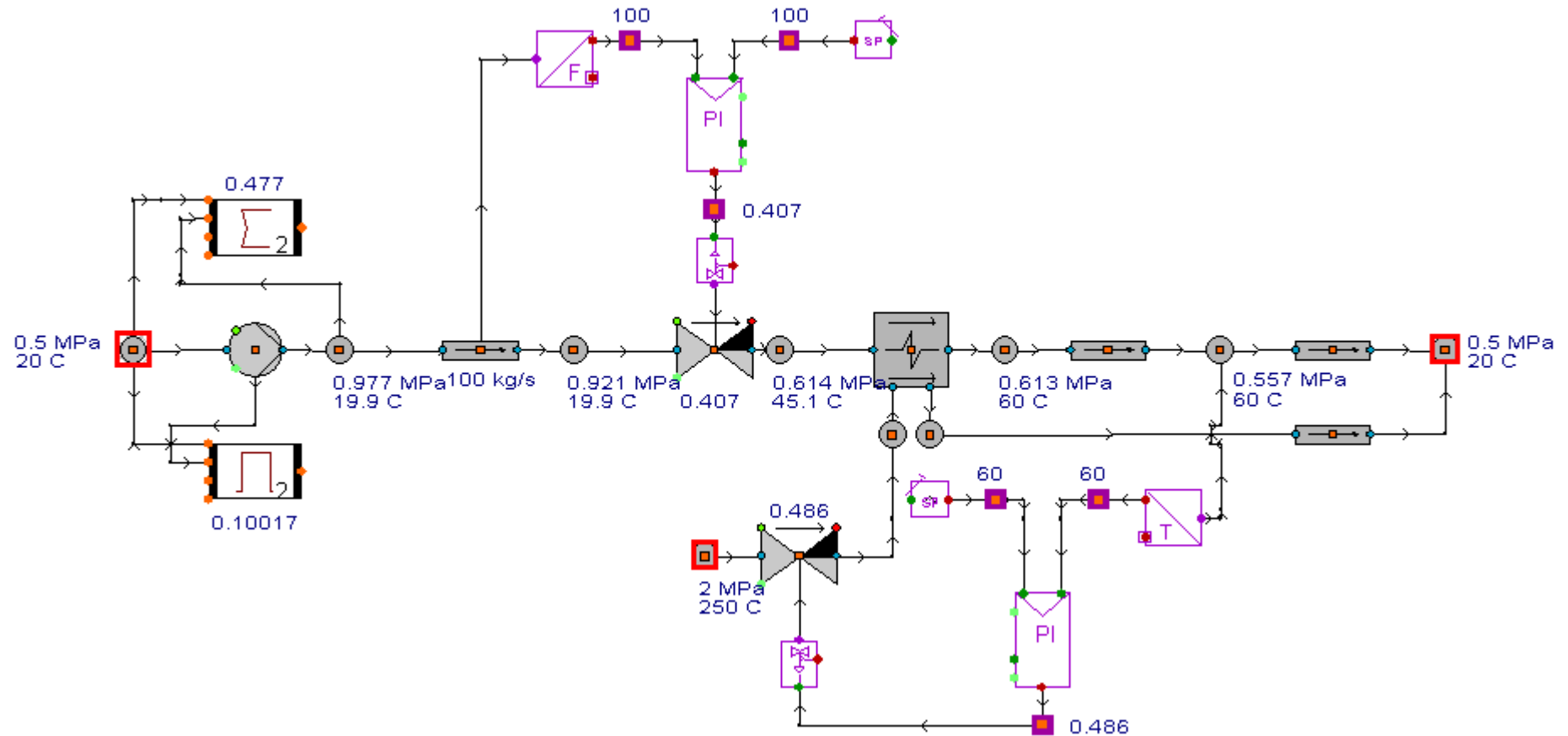
APROS related work at the Budapest University of Technology and Economics

András CSIGE
Budapest University of Technology and Economics
Department of Nuclear Energy

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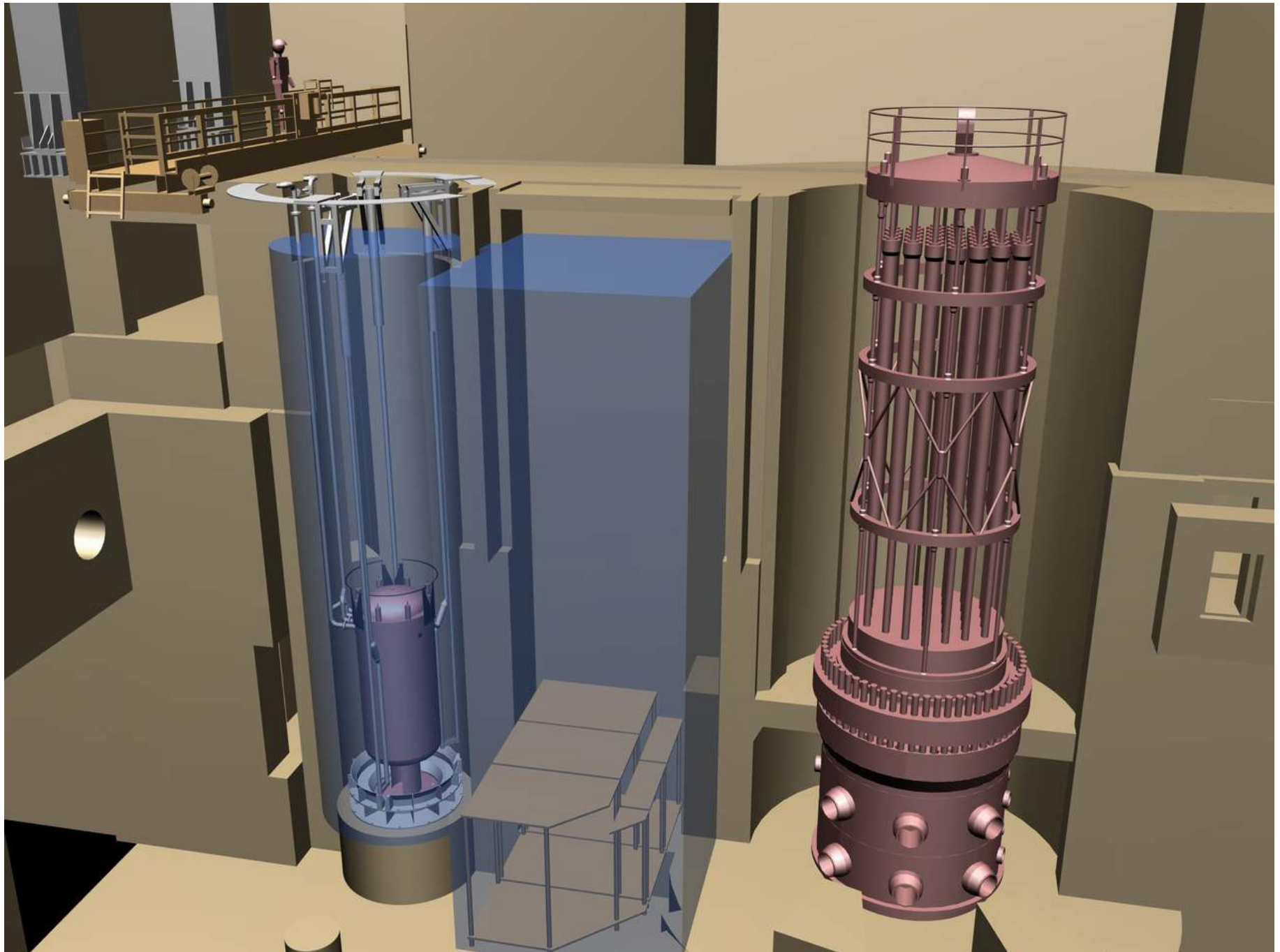
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Introductory APROS student exercise



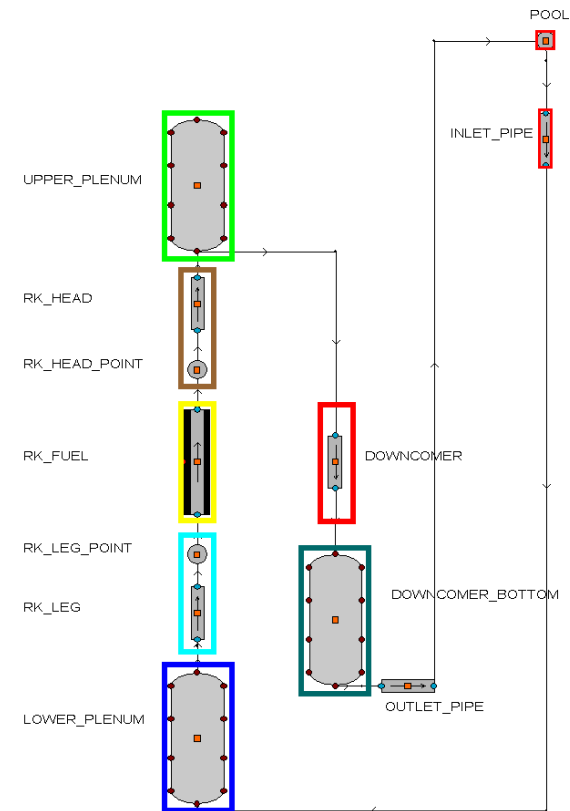
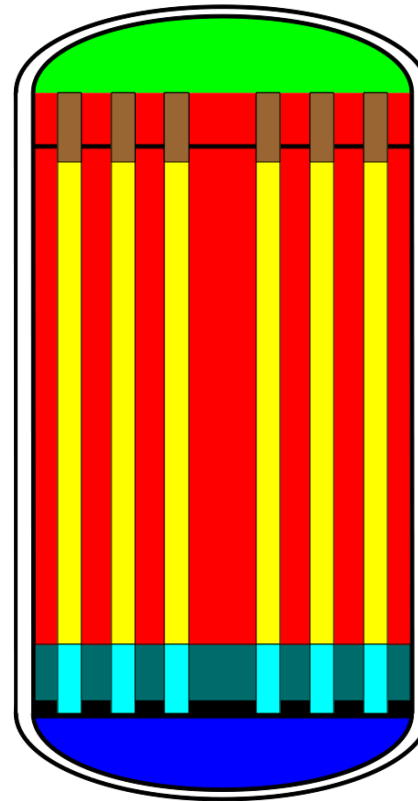
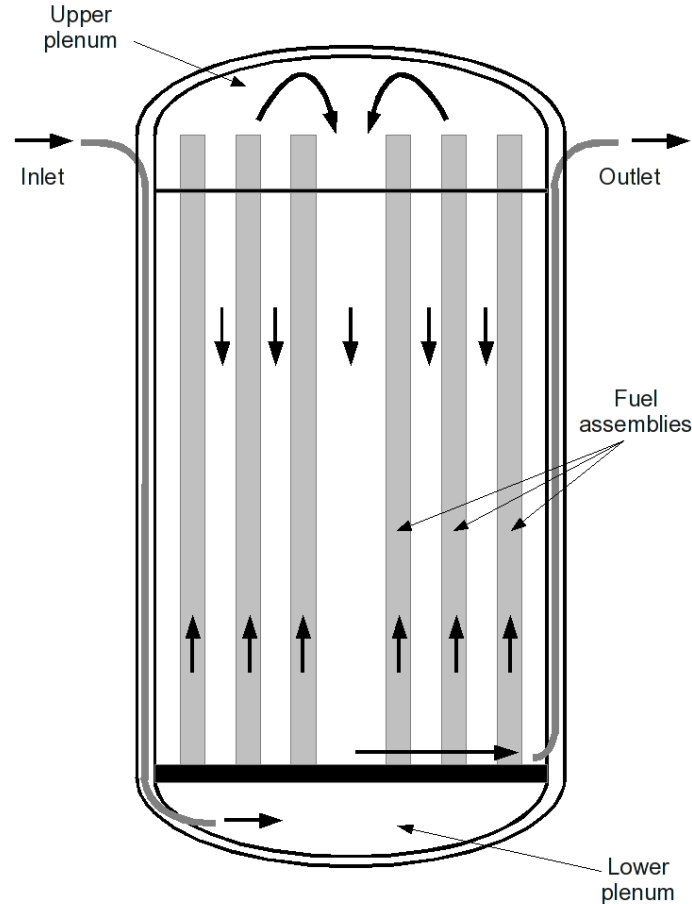
- GUI: points, pipes, pumps, valves, heat exchangers
- CLI: show/list, calculation level components
- Flow and temperature control circuits
- Slave copy, “not in simulation”, boundary condition modules

Advanced APROS student exercise: AMDA tank



“Those who cannot remember the past are condemned to repeat it.”

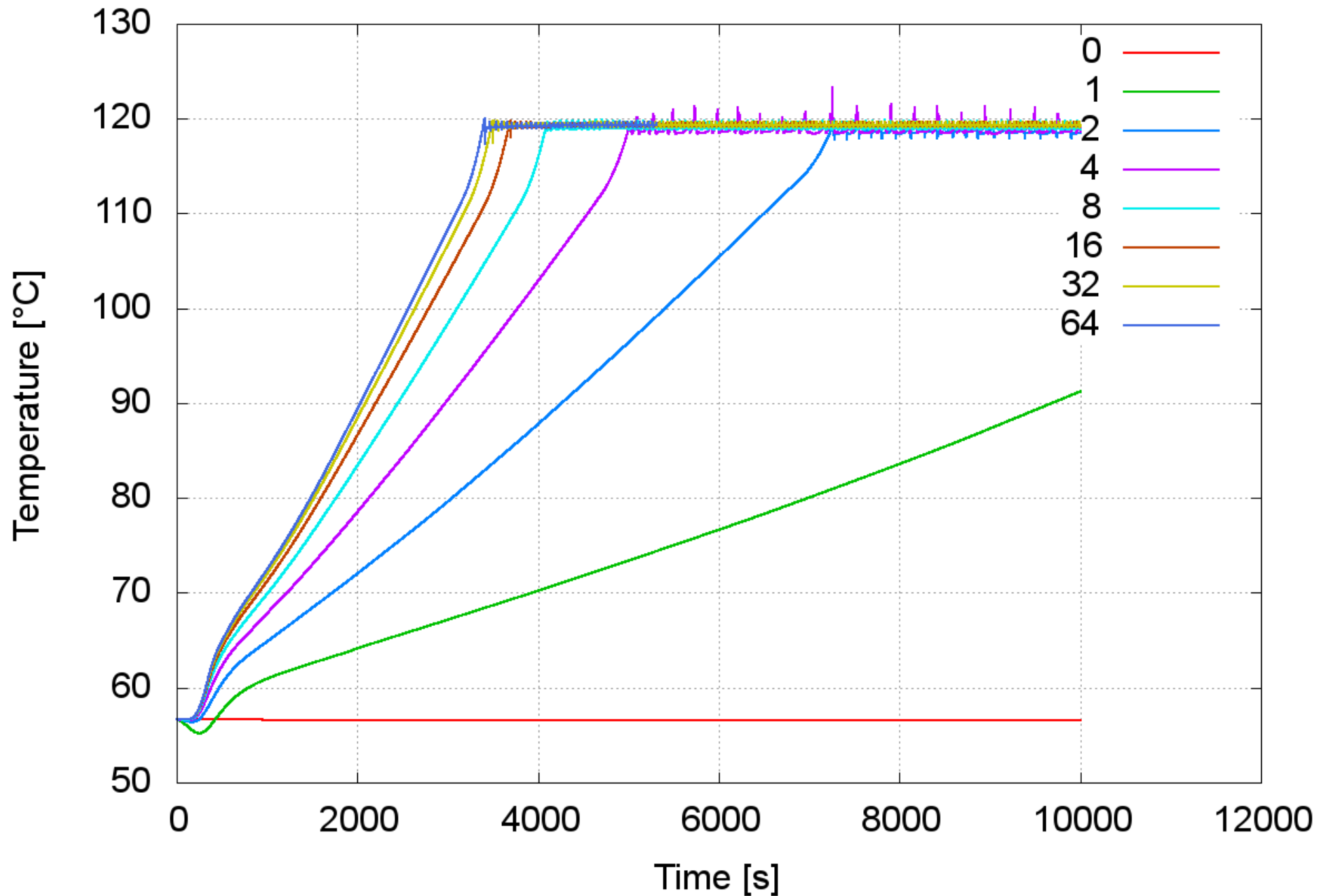
Advanced APROS student exercise: AMDA tank



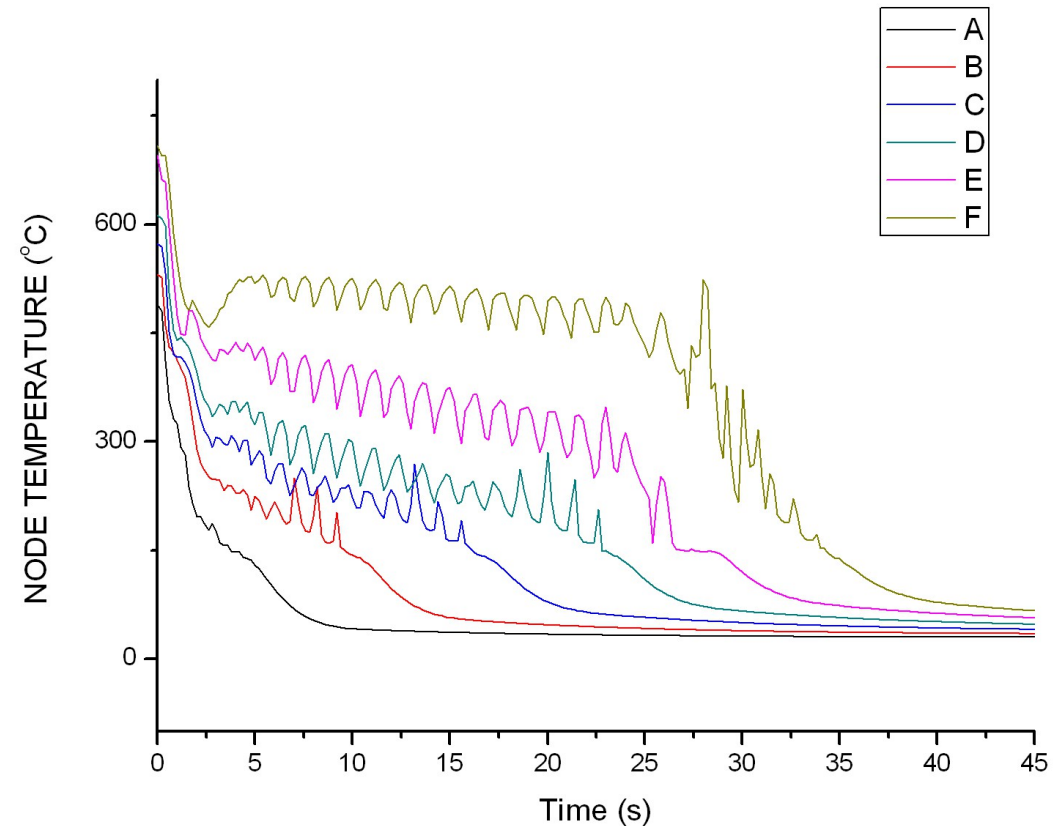
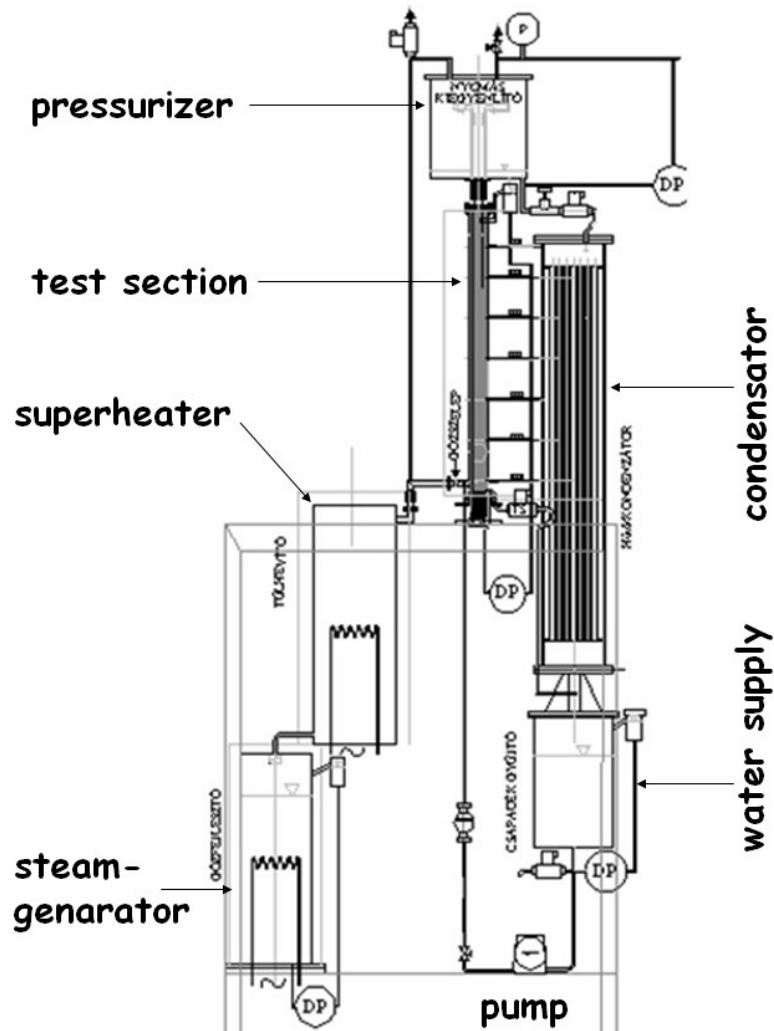
- Calculating necessary geometrical parameters and building the model of the AMDA tank
- Studying the effect of bypass on flow pattern

Advanced APROS student exercise: AMDA tank

Effect of fuel assembly nodalisation on upper plenum temperature

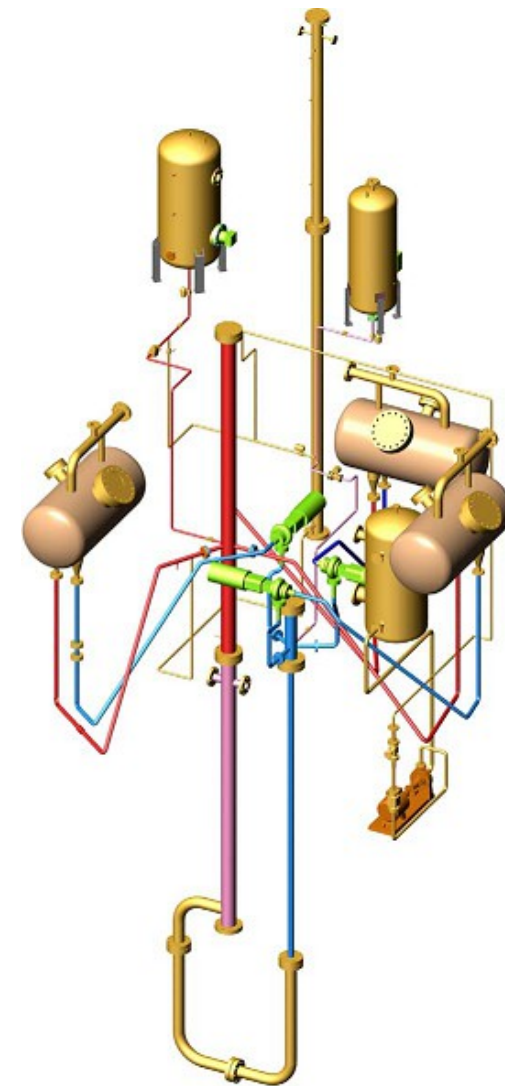
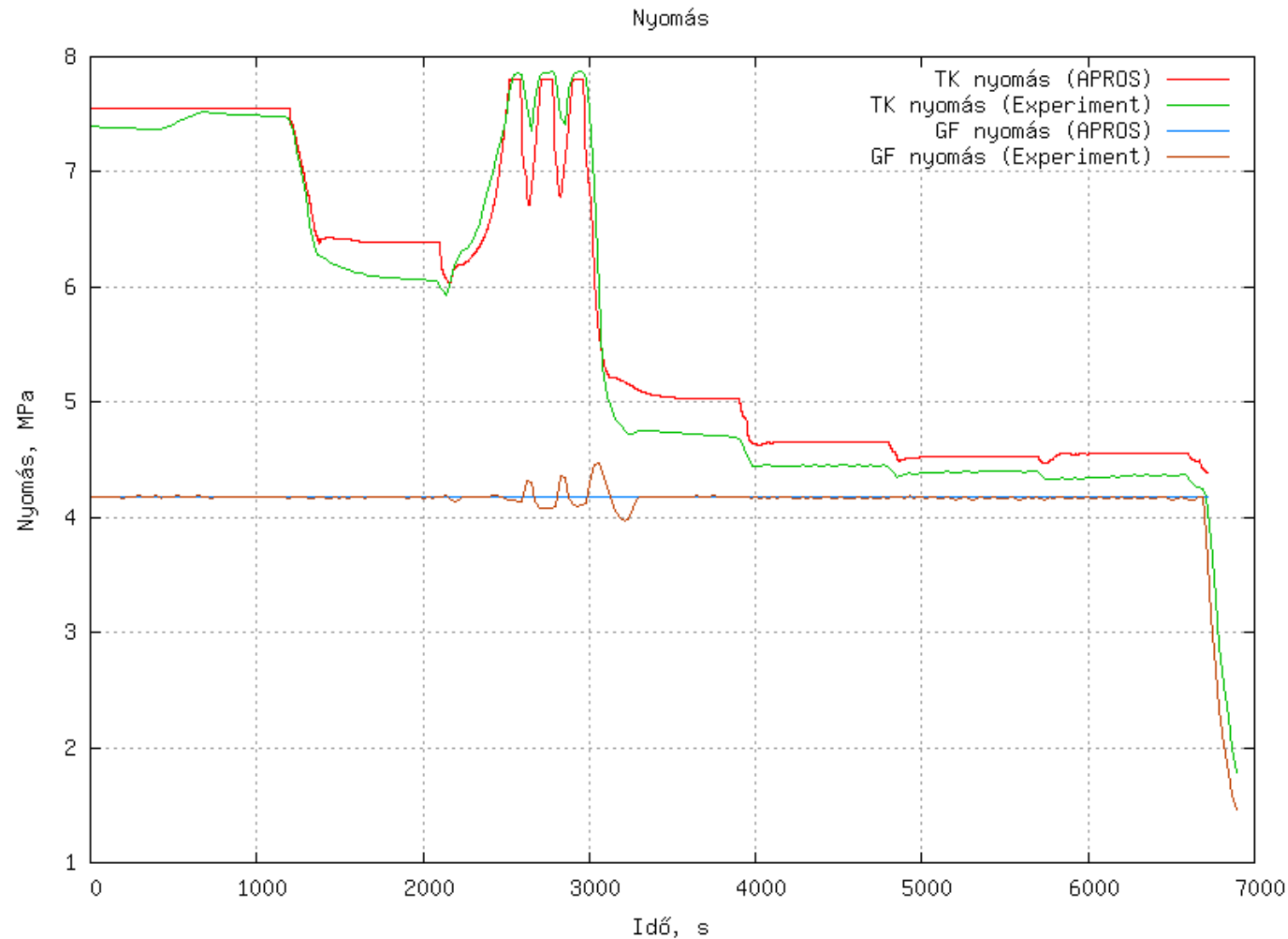


Example BSc thesis work: CODEX model



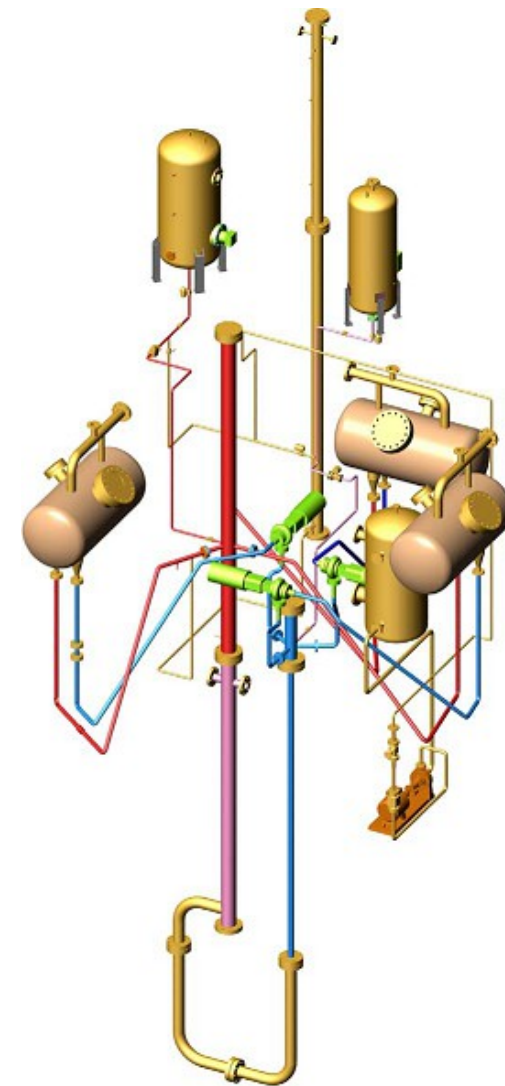
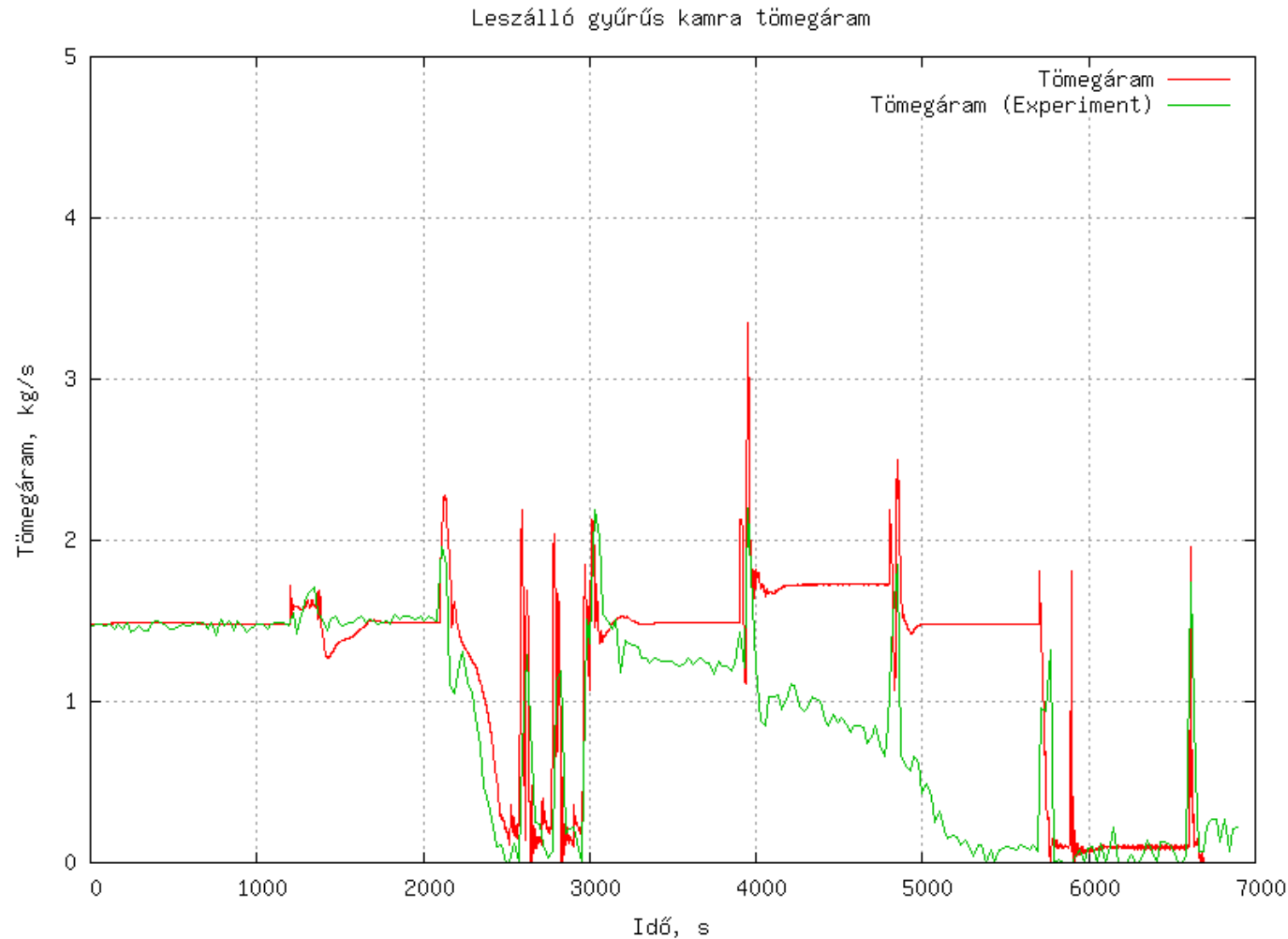
- Experimental investigation of the coolability of a ballooned VVER 440 fuel bundle
- Modeling the reflooding and cool-down with APROS

Example MSc thesis work: PACTEL model



- 3-loop integral test facility for VVER-440 NPP
- ISP-33: One- and two-phase natural circulation with reduced primary coolant inventory

Example MSc thesis work: PACTEL model



- General behavior of the system was well predicted
- Problems with calculated loop and DC mass flows

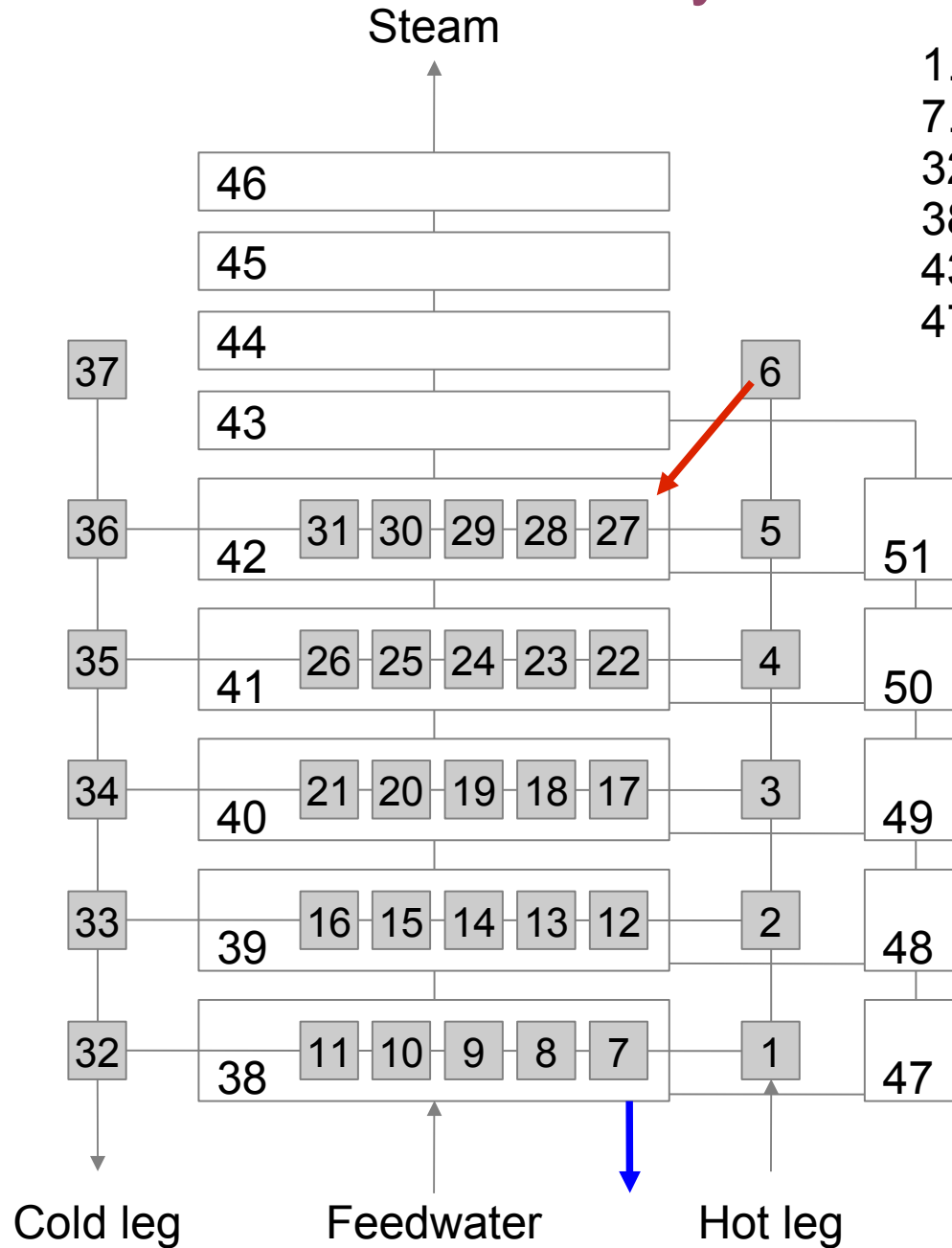
PHARE project: VVER-440 model development

- Paks-specific VVER-440/213 APROS model is under development (and in use) since 2000.
 - Detailed model of primary and secondary circuit
 - I&C: realistic model of control circuits and SCRAM signals
- PHARE project between 2004-2006:
 - Extension of the plant analyzer with containment model
 - Test calculation: LBLOCA
 - Extension of the plant analyzer with severe accident capabilities
 - Test calculation: Station black-out, comparison to MELCOR results

SG blowdown system for PRISE management

- Primary-to-secondary leakage was not a DBA case for the VVER-440/213 NPP.
- Primary coolant can fill the secondary side of the steam generator, and escape to the environment through the SG safety valves (Rivne NPP, 1982).
- SG safety valves are not designed for 2-phase blowdown, may fail to close, injected ECCS water can not be recirculated.
- PRISE management strategy: depressurization below SG safety valve closure pressure before the SG secondary side is filled up with water.
- New, automatic system for blowing down water to the containment from the SG.
- New operator procedures: primary depressurization with ECCS spray into the pressurizer, secondary depressurization with BRU-A valves, shutting down ECCS, checking core outlet subcooling margin.

SG blowdown system for PRISE management



1..6

Hot collector

7..31 Heat exchanger tubes – primary side

32..37 Cold collector

38..42 Heat exchanger tubes – secondary side

43..46 Steam dome

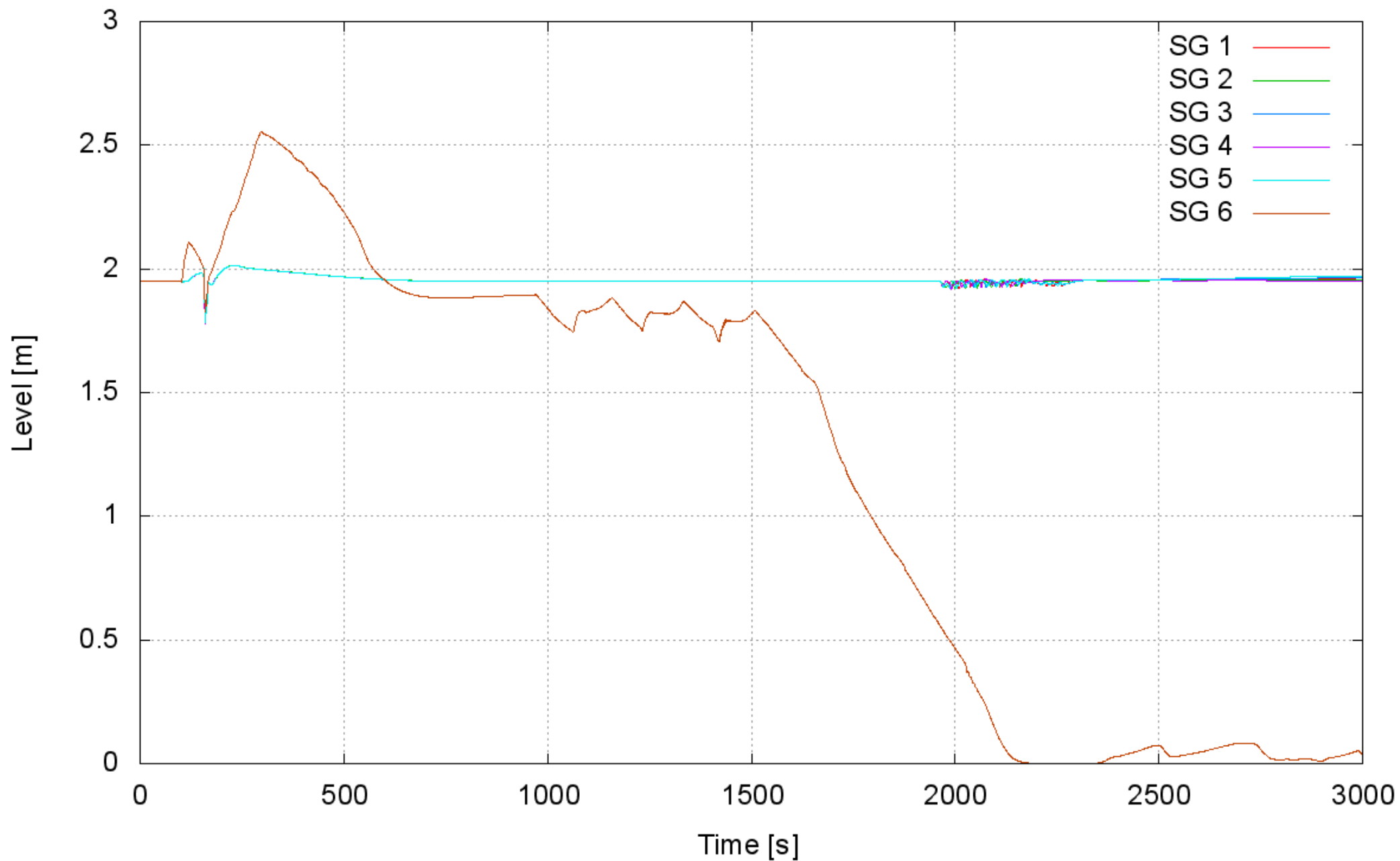
47..51 Secondary side recirculation

Collector break

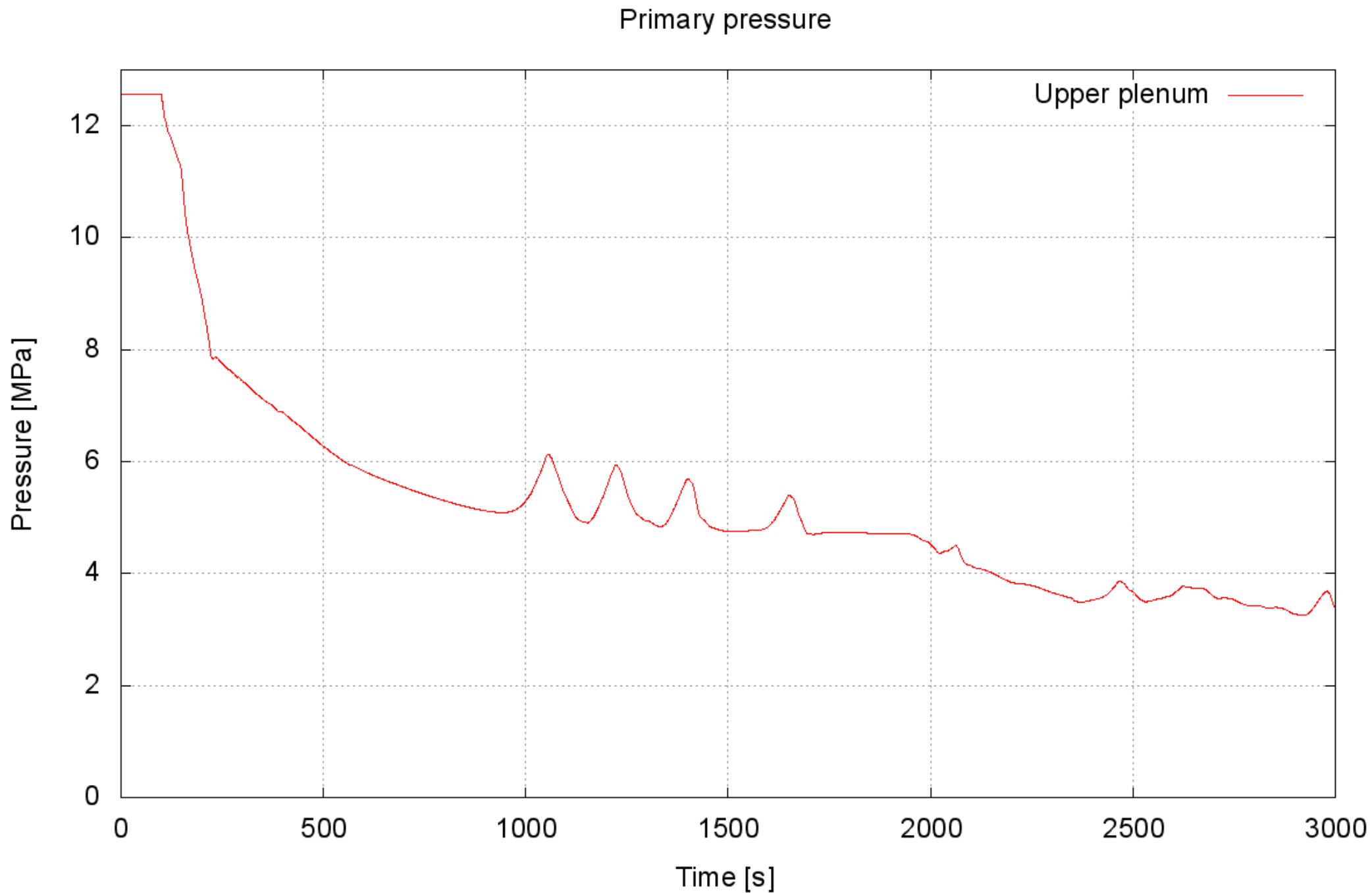
Water blowdown

SG blowdown system for PRISE management

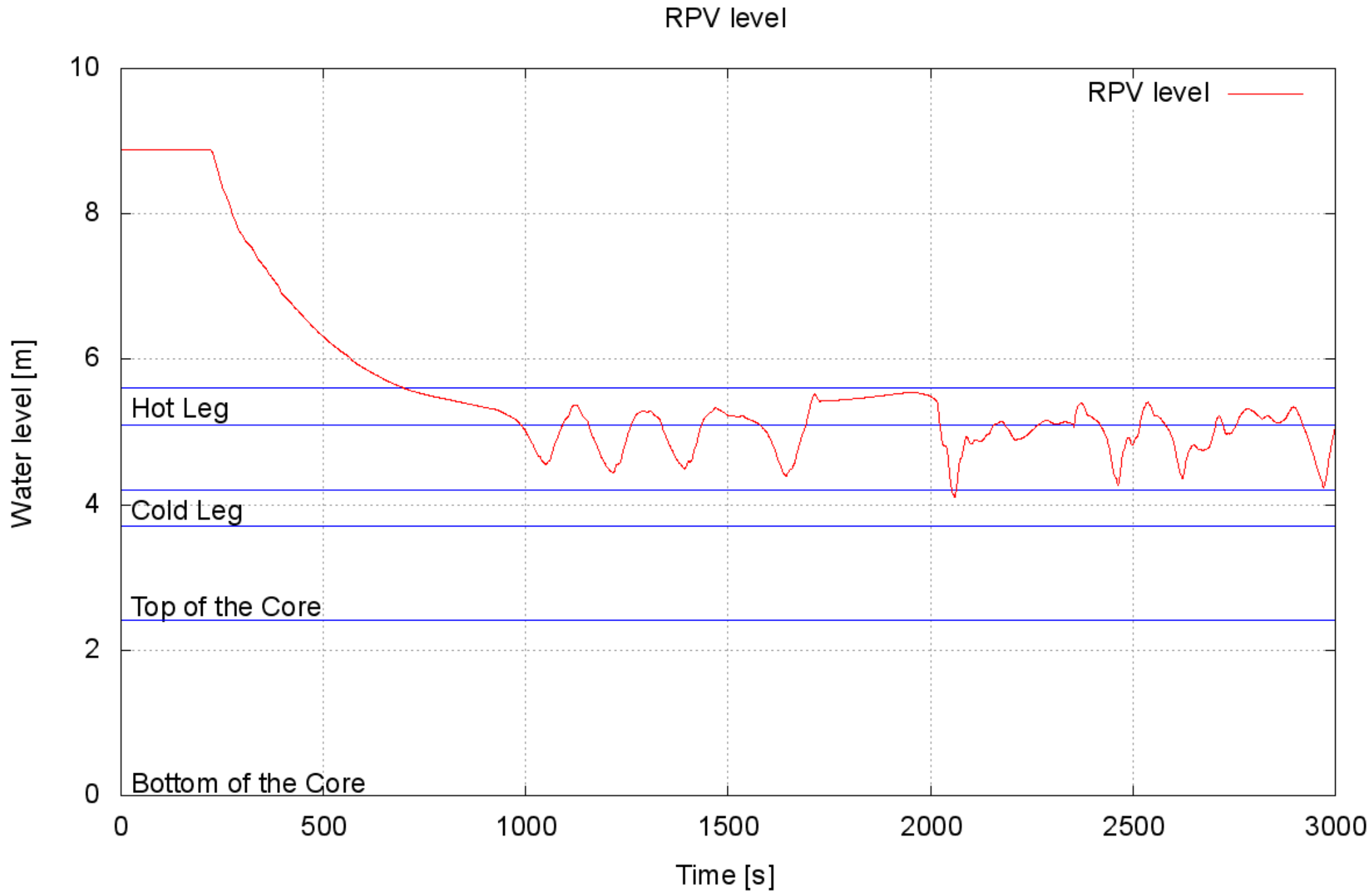
SG wide range levels



SG blowdown system for PRISE management

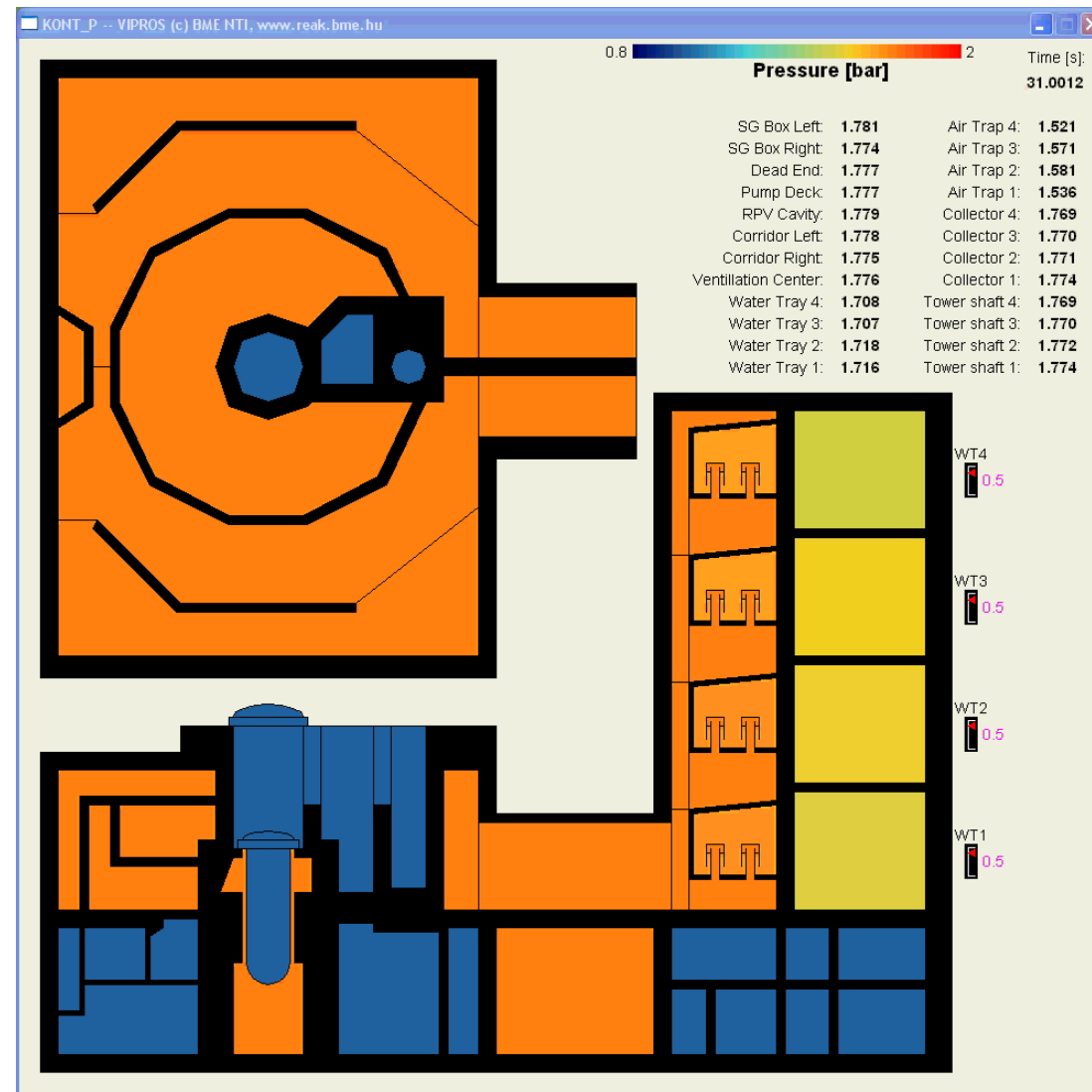


SG blowdown system for PRISE management



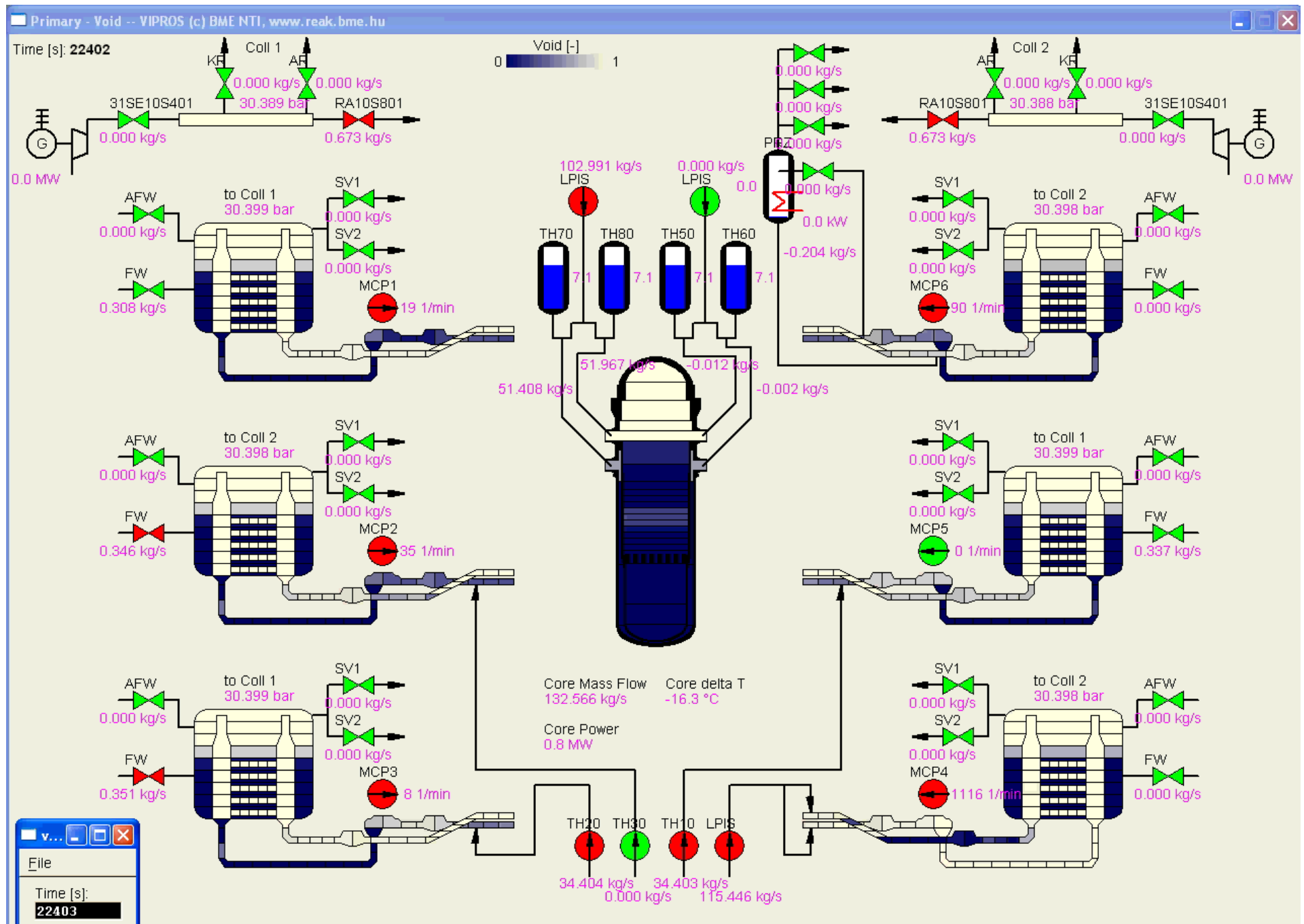
Visualization of the results: VIPROS

- Post-calculation visualization tool.
- Still images and animations.
- Multi-platform (Linux, Windows)
- Written in C++ with FLTK.
- Color-coded areas, bar-graphs, numerical values.



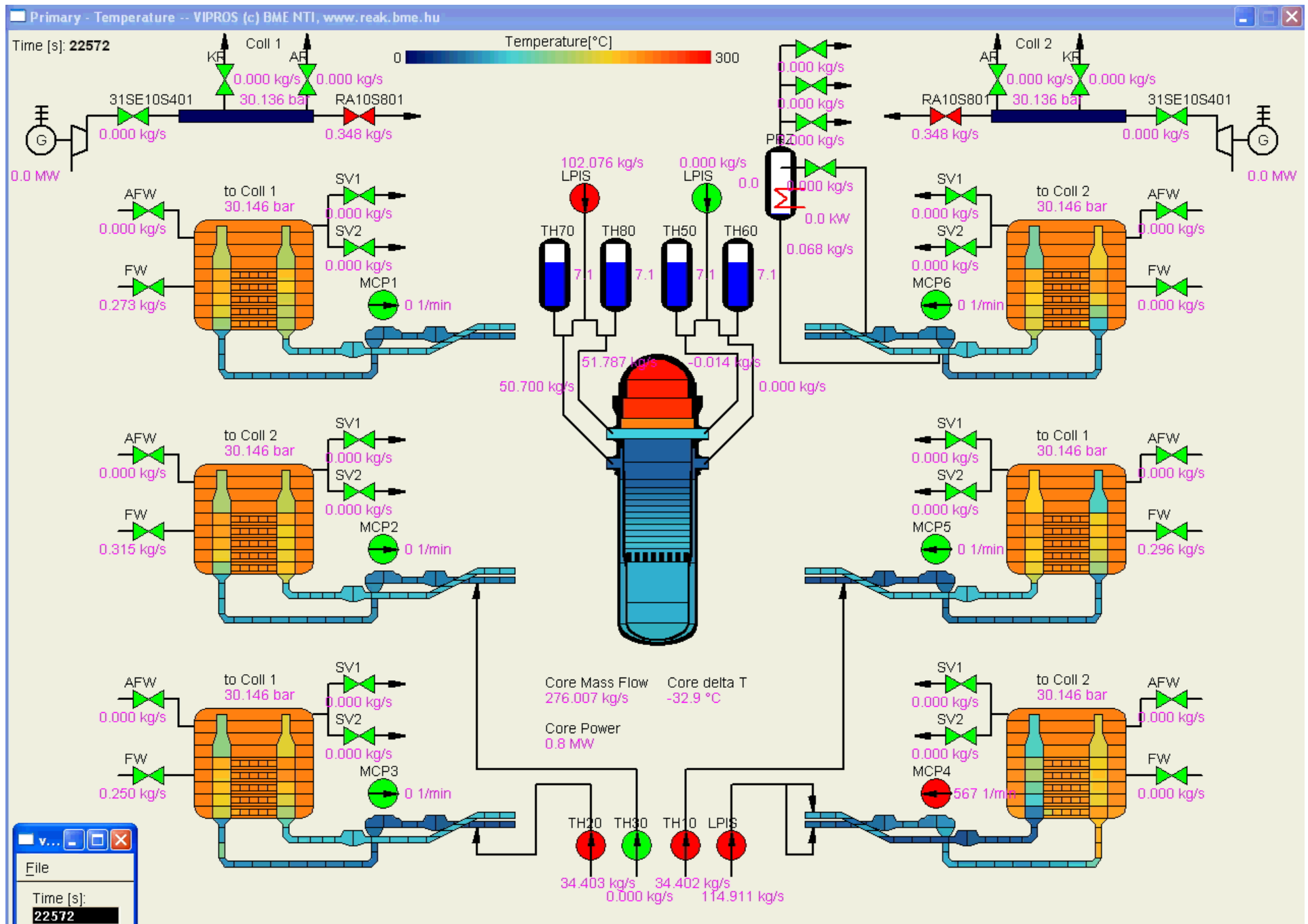
Pressure in the hermetic compartments

Visualization of the results: VIPROS



Primary circuit – void fractions

Visualization of the results: VIPROS



Primary circuit – temperatures